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Proceeding: 2nd Sriwijaya Economic, Accounting, And Business Conference 2016
MODEL BISNIS DALAM MENINGKATKAN NILAI PERUSAHAAN
BADAN USAHA MILIK DAERAH (BUMD)Advances in Business, Management and Entrepreneurship
Metodologi Penelitian Pendekatan Multidisipliner
BIS-HSS 2020
CARA PRAKTIS PENULISAN KARYA ILMIAH
Aplikasi Metode SEM-PLS dalam Pengelolaan Sumberdaya Pesisir dan Lautan
Empowering Science and Mathematics for Global Competitiveness
Early Childhood Education in the 21st Century
Metode Riset Kuantitatif dan Kualitatif
Jurnal Pendidikan Konvergensi Oktober 2020
Proceeding The 13 th International Asian Urbanization Conference
Desain Penelitian Bisnis: Pendekatan Kuantitatif
SPHE 2020
Metode Penelitian Sistem 3x Baca
Challenges of Social Sciences, Education, and Technology For Achieving Sustainable Development Goals (SDGS), Jilid I
Charting a Sustainable Future of ASEAN in Business and Social Sciences
CEESC 2019
ADI Journal on Recent Innovation (AJRI) The 2nd Edition Vol. 1 No 2. Maret 2020
BUNGA RAMPAI KARYA ILMIAH SISWA - JILID II
Metode Penelitian Untuk Perguruan Tinggi
CSSED 2020
Manajemen Sumber Daya Manusia
METODOLOGI PENELITIAN
COFFEES 2019
PROSIDING SEMINAR NASIONAL "Membangun Generasi Emas 2045 yang Berkarakter dan Melek IT" dan Pelatihan "Berpikir Suprarasional"
ICONECT 2019
InCoGITE 2019
ICONSEIR 2019
Islam Universal
Issue Jan 2020
Metode Penelitian Kesehatan
Metode Penelitian Pendekatan Kuantitatif
Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif dan Kualitatif
Promoting Creative Tourism: Current Issues in Tourism Research
Metodologi Kualitatif
Proceeding: International Conference on Biopsychosocial Issues
21st Century Innovation in Music Education
MEDIA PEMBELAJARAN
Educational Innovation in Society 5.0 Era: Challenges and Opportunities
Penelitian Keperawatan

The papers presented in this work cover themes such as sustainable tourism; ICT and tourism; marine tourism; tourism and education; tourism, economics, and finance; tourism marketing; recreation and sport tourism; halal & sharia tourism; culture and indigenous tourism; destination management; tourism gastronomy; politic, social, and humanities in tourism; heritage tourism; medical & health tourism; film induced tourism; community based tourism; tourism planning and policy; meeting, incentive, convention, and exhibition; supply chain management; hospitality management; restaurant management and operation; safety and crisis management; corporate social responsibility (CSR); tourism geography; disruptive innovation in tourism; infrastructure and transportation in tourism development; urban and rural tourism planning and development; community resilience and social capital in tourism. The 4th ISOT 2020 aimed at (1) bringing together scientists, researchers, practitioners, professionals, and students in a scientific forum and (2) having discussions on theoretical and practical knowledge about current issues in tourism. The keynote speakers contributing to this conference are those with expertise in tourism, either in an academic or industrial context.

Berawal dari keprihatinan akan minimnya Laporan Temu Sosial Ilmiah SMAN 8 Jakarta nilai-nilai kehidupan pada diri siswa, pihak SMAN 8 Jakarta akhirnya memutuskan untuk menciptakan sebuah laboratorium sosial dan spiritual dalam bentuk kegiatan Temu Sosial dan Ilmiah SMAN 8 Jakarta (TeSIS) sejak tahun 2001. BukuBuku berjudul "Bunga Rampai Karya Ilmiah Siswa: Laporan Temu Ilmiah Siswa SMAN 8 Jakarta" ini merupakan pertama kalinya hasil penulisan ilmiah para siswa SMAN 8 Jakarta dibukukan sebagai buku kumpulan tulisan ilmiah, dan dibagi ke dalam lima jilid. Pihak SMAN 8 Jakarta percaya bahwa karya tulis ilmiah harus bisa disebarkan seluas mungkin dan tak hanya berakhir sampai tahap penilaian saja, tetapi juga bisa dibaca oleh orang banyak. Semoga dengan terbitnya buku ini, pengetahuan-pengetahuan yang telah dicermati siswa dapat diketahui juga oleh para pembaca.

The complex problems of education and technological development and information demands, then takes its main innovations in learning. The purpose of this Education is Innovation in order to improve the quality, effectiveness, efficiency, relevance and productivity, making the learning process more meaningful and fun for children. Innovation can be performed in all subjects, learning methods, media and evaluation. Innovation-based learning local culture values will yield the superior character that will benefit children in the face of a globalized world. So is innovation technology-based learning, make learning be fun so that children become active and creative ideas, thoughts, research related to the innovation of education can be presented in International Conference Education, Culture and technology is preferred. The theme of this Conference: Innovation of Education to Improve Character Value for Children.

This book consists of a selection of papers that discuss the challenges in the increasingly complex world of education and various educational problems such as moral degradation, lack of literacy, pedagogical curriculum and innovation, educational technology. Moreover, the book provides papers that deal with educational innovation in the era of Society 5.0, with a view to discuss and resolve various social challenges, issues, and problems relating to educators, students, the dynamics of the education system, and social dynamics. The subject areas treated in this book are: Character Education in Society 5.0 Era, Multiliteracy Education in Society 5.0 Era, Early Childhood Education in Society 5.0 Era, Inclusive Education in Society 5.0 Era, Curriculum, Media and Educational Technology for Primary Education in Society 5.0 Era, Joyful and Meaningful Learning in Society 5.0 Era, and HOTS in Society 5.0 Era. This book will help educators, stakeholders, and also parents to cope with the challenges in education.

Buku ini berisi topik - topik yang dapat membantu para peneliti keperawatan dalam menyusun penelitian dari mulai menentukan masalah penelitian, metode penelitian, pengumpulan data penelitian, memilih sumber pustaka, memastikan rigiditas dari instrumen, sampai membuat laporan penelitian. Langkah - langkah yang dipaparkan dalam buku ini dapat dilakukan oleh semua peneliti keperawatan sehingga hambatan para peneliti terkait hal di atas dapat diminimalkan melalui pembelajaran dalam buku ini. Buku ini membahas tentang: Bab 1 Sejarah Perkembangan Penelitian Keperawatan Bab 2 Signifikansi Penelitian Keperawatan Bab 3 Ranah Penelitian Keperawatan Bab 4 Metode Kuantitatif dan Kualitatif Bab 5 Memilih dan Merumuskan Masalah Bab 6 Pengumpulan Data Penelitian Keperawatan Bab 7 Pencarian Pustaka Penelitian Bab 8 Populasi dan Sampel Bab 9 Skala Variabel dan Konsep Hubungan Antar Variabel Bab 10 Asumsi dan Hipotesis Bab 11 Menyusun Rancangan Penelitian Bab 12 Mengembangkan Instrumen Penelitian Bab 13 Validitas dan Reliabilitas Bab 14 Laporan Penelitian

The GCBME Book Series aims to promote the quality and methodical reach of the Global Conference on Business Management & Entrepreneurship, which is intended as a high-quality scientific contribution to the science of business management and entrepreneurship. The Contributions are expected to be the main reference articles on the topic of each book and have been subject to a strict peer review process conducted by experts in the fields. The conference provided opportunities for the delegates to exchange new ideas and implementation of experiences, to establish business or research connections and to find Global Partners for future collaboration. The conference and resulting volume in the book series is expected to be held and appear annually. The year 2019 theme of book and conference is "Transforming Sustainable Business In The Era Of Society 5.0". The ultimate goal of GCBME is to provide a medium forum for educators, researchers, scholars, managers, graduate students and professional business persons from the diverse cultural backgrounds, to present and discuss their research, knowledge and innovation within the fields of business, management and entrepreneurship. The GCBME conferences cover major thematic groups, yet opens to other relevant topics: Organizational Behavior, Innovation, Marketing Management, Financial Management and Accounting, Strategic Management, Entrepreneurship and Green Business.

The Covid-19 pandemic has changed our activities, like teaching, researching, and socializing. We are confused because we haven't experienced before. However, as Earth's smartest inhabitants, we can adapt new ways to survive the pandemic without losing enthusiasm. Therefore, even in pandemic conditions, we can still have scientific discussions, even virtually. The main theme of this symposium is "Reinforcement of the Sustainable Development Goals Post Pandemic" as a part of the masterplan of United Nations for sustainable development goals in 2030. This symposium is attended by 348 presenters from Indonesia, Malaysia, UK, Scotland, Thailand, Taiwan, Tanzania and Timor Leste which published 202 papers. Furthermore, we are delighted to introduce the proceedings of the 2nd Borobudur Symposium Borobudur on Humanities and Social Sciences 2020 (2nd BIS-HSS 2020). We hope our later discussion may result transfer of experiences and research findings from participants to others and from keynote speakers to participants. Also, we hope this event can create further research network.

Buku kecil ini berbasis dari sebuah disertasi yang penulis buat pada program doktoral ilmu manajemen dan pengalaman menjadi praktisi 30 tahun di berbagai industri serta 7 tahun terakhir ini di entitas Badan Usaha Milik Negara (BUMD). Sudah menjadi kelaziman pada suatu bisnis khususnya di BUMD melakukan studi kelayakan bisnis (feasibility study), rencana bisnis (business plan) serta membuat rencana kerja dan anggaran perusahaan (RKAP) pada setiap tahunnya. Namun hanya sedikit sekali atau bahkan dapat dikatakan tidak pernah pada sebuah BUMD membuat Model Bisnis untuk unit bisnis yang dijalkannya sehingga harapannya dapat meningkatkan Nilai Perusahaan. Beberapa hal mendasar yang menjadi pertanyaan bagi para pemegang saham (shareholder) dan juga pemangku kepentingan (stakeholder) adalah sbb: - Apakah model bisnis itu? - Apakah nilai perusahaan itu? - Komponen apa sajakah yang merupakan bagian dari model bisnis di BUMD? - Bagaimakah tingkat pengaruh model bisnis dalam meningkatkan nilai perusahaan? - Apa saja yang harus dilakukan oleh BUMD untuk dapat membuat model bisnis sehingga nilai perusahaan dapat meningkat? - Seperti apakah contoh pembuatan model bisnis itu? Untuk menjawab pertanyaan tersebut maka buku ilmiah ini layak untuk dibaca atau sebagai referensi, serta buku ini penting bagi Pemda sebagai pemegang saham (shareholder) khususnya bagian yang membidangi urusan BUMD, serta para pemangku kepentingan (stakeholder), yang dapat terdiri dari anggota legislatif (DPRD/DPR-RI), jajaran komisaris, direksi dan pegawai serta mitra dan investor. Buku ini juga penting bagi para dosen, mahasiswa dan peneliti yang tertarik pada ilmu manajemen, khususnya untuk topik model bisnis serta topik BUMD.

Buku ini memberikan bahasan yang cukup lengkap mengenai metode penelitian ilmiah, baik pendekatan kuantitatif maupun kualitatif. Penulisan buku ini juga telah diupayakan sesuai dengan langkah-langkah sistematis metode ilmiah, sehingga akan lebih mudah untuk dipahami secara konseptual dan dapat diterapkan dalam praktik penelitian yang sesungguhnya. Dimulai dari bahasan hakikat penelitian ilmiah, pengertian dan tujuan riset kuantitatif, teori dan hipotesis riset, hingga proposal serta karya ilmiah kuantitatif dan kualitatif. Buku ini membahas tentang: Bab 1 Hakikat Penelitian Ilmiah Bab 2 Pengertian dan Tujuan Riset Kuantitatif Bab 3 Teori dan Hipotesis Riset Kuantitatif Bab 4 Permasalahan Riset Kuantitatif Bab 5 Kajian Pustaka Riset Kuantitatif Bab 6 Variabel Riset Kuantitatif Bab 7 Instrumen Riset Kuantitatif Bab 8 Sampel dan Data Kuantitatif Bab 9 Analisis Data dan Interpretasi Hasil Bab 10 Kesimpulan dan Keterbatasan Riset Kuantitatif Bab 11 Proposal dan Karya Ilmiah Kuantitatif Bab 12 Filsafat Penelitian dan Pencarian Kebenaran Bab 13 Teorisasi Riset Kualitatif Bab 14 Permasalahan dan Topik Riset Kualitatif Bab 15 Realitas Sosial dan Penelitian Kualitatif Bab 16 Strategi dan Metode Analisis Data Kualitatif Bab 17 Pengujian Keabsahan Hasil Riset Bab 18 Proposal dan Karya Ilmiah Kualitatif

These proceedings are issued in the context of the 13th International Asian Urbanization Conference that will be held on January 6 and 8, 2016. This 13th International Asian Urbanization Conference is hosted by Regional Development Study Program, Faculty of Geography, Universitas Gadjah Mada, Yogyakarta, Indonesia, in association with the Asian Urban Research Association (AURA). AURA was established in January 1986 and is administered at Shippensburg University of Pennsylvania, USA. It is a non-profit research organization whose primary purpose is to promote the study of urbanization and urban growth and to organize Asian Urbanization Conferences. The conferences are biennial (held every other/alternate year) and have resulted in many publications. These proceedings are expected to be one of the publications that may be improved to be a book. The theme of this seminar is Rapid Urbanisation and Sustainable Development in Asia. It is an important topic to discuss since rapid urbanization has currently become a big issue that hits almost Asian countries. In the context of achieving balanced and sustainable development, it is necessary to conduct a study to help solve problems related to urbanization. Because of too broad issues related to urbanization, it is necessary to discuss the theme in groups. The theme is divided into several sub-themes, i.e. Rural-Urban Transformation; Urban Resilient, Risk and Disaster Management Urbanization; Employment and Urban Poverty; Urbanization in The Era of Information and Communication Technology; Urban Planning and Urban Governance; Socio-Economic Impact of Urbanization; Slum Upgrading and Capacity Building; Land, Urban Development and Housing in Asia; Urban Futures and Aspirations; Communities and the Asian City; Natural Resource Governance and Urbanization; Contested Urban Space; Innovative Approaches to Urban Issues; Urbanisation in Southeast Asia: The Challenge and Solution for The Future, Urbanisation and Geography in The Global Era and Managing Urban and Rural Transformation in Indonesia as well. I would like to thank all parties for their support to succeed this seminar. A great number of people contributed to the success of this seminar. Particular thanks are owed to the following: Universitas Gadjah Mada (UGM) and Faculty of Geography, UGM that facilitate the implementation of this seminar; AURA that gave UGM the chance to hold this seminar; Colleagues from different universities for their roles in becoming keynote speakers and scientific board, as well as in contributing to presenting papers in these proceedings. They come from University of Akron- USA, University of Cologne-Germany, Utrecht University-Netherlands, Universitas Gadjah Mada-Indonesia, Shippensburg University-USA, University of Bucharest-Romania, Banaras Hindu University-India, University of Helsinki- Finland, National University of Singapore-Singapore, University of Malaya-Malaysia, KhonKaen University-Thailand, Western Washington University-USA; Association of American Geographers (AAG), The Asian Geography Specialty Group (AGSP), The Regional Development and Planning Specialty Group (RDPSG), ForUm for Urban Future in Southeast Asia, Network of Southeast Asian and German Experts (ForUm), Ikatan Geograf Indonesia (IGI) and Asosiasi Sekolah Perencanaan Indonesia (ASPI); All speakers for their contribution to these proceedings with the hope that their ideas are very useful to solve problems related to urbanization to develop better and more sustainable cities; All committee members for their last one-year hard work to prepare this seminar. Last but not least, All parties for their help and support to arrange and publish these proceedings. Hopefully, these proceedings are very meaningful in the world of science for those who are interested in the study and doing research for the sake of improving the science related to urbanization.

Buku yang ada di tangan pembaca ini kami beri judul Metodologi Kualitatif yang kami susun berdasarkan pengamatan dan pengolahan data dari berbagai sumber termasuk kajian pustaka. Keterbatasan waktu dan aktivitas penyusun yang begitu padat, sangat berpengaruh pada proses dan waktu penyelesaian buku ini, namun berkat pertolongan berbagai pihak, akhirnya buku ini bisa terwujud sehingga bisa kita nikmati bersama. Banyak hal yang dibahas di buku ini, diantaranya dasar-dasar penelitian kualitatif, sampel & populasi, instrumen penelitian, teknik pengumpulan data, Analisis Data Penelitian Kualitatif, Validitas & Reliabilitas, Desain Penelitian, dll.

Music is an expression of feelings of the soul conveyed through the medium of sound. But not all sounds are music. It might be said that only an organised sound or series of sounds can be called music. Thus, music is connected to the eternal and constant flow and order of the universe, to the laws and rhythms of nature. It can also be said that musical order is comparable to the natural order of the universe. There are laws of a certain nature in the natural sciences and likewise in music there are structures and procedures, or even rules, that should be followed to produce beautiful music. The International Conference "Innovations for 21st Century Music Education and Research" provided a timely opportunity to take stock of the latest developments in music education and brought together educators, researchers and members of the broader community in a welcoming forum in which they were able to express theoretical and practical views, concepts, research

results and principles to help support the further development of music education.

Providing a selection of papers presented at ICECE 2018, a biennial conference organised by the Early Childhood Education Program, Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia. The conference's general theme was "Finding Alternative Approaches, Theories, Frameworks, and Practices of Early Childhood Education in the 21st Century." Distinct from other periods of time, the 21st century is characterised by so much knowledge -easy to access but hard to grasp, borderless and hyper-connected society mediated by the internet, high competitiveness -not only within a country but across countries, high mobility, and widening economic discrepancy as neoliberalism has strengthened its influence on every sector of human life. The children of today will face many things that have not yet been invented or discovered, sometimes beyond expectations. Scholars and teachers of early childhood education need to be aware of these astonishing changes. The way children and childhood are seen cannot stay the same, and so does the way children of this century are educated. The conference opened a discussion about finding alternative approaches, theories, and best practices of early childhood education for a rapidly changing and globalised society.

ICPSY 2018 (International Conference on Biopsychosocial Issues in 2018) an Inter-multidisciplinary Approach was held to achieve the vision of the faculty of Psychology: becoming an academic community of psychology that is beneficial to multicultural communities with a biopsychosocial approach based on Christian values: love, justice and honesty. It is a pleasure to present these Proceedings of the First International Seminar and Workshop on Biopsychology, which will be of interest to all concerned with the scientific aspects of this area. This seminar was organised by the Faculty of Psychology University of Psychology and brought together key note speakers Dr. Augustina Sulastri (Indonesia), Prof. Rosnah Ismail (Malaysia), Dr. Evangelina Castronuevo-Ruga (Philippine) and Ms. Janet Boekhout (The Netherlands) and participants from 4 countries for the presentation of 24 papers.

Buku ini dirancang untuk memenuhi materi mata kuliah metodologi penelitian kuantitatif dan kualitatif. Buku ini memaparkan materi tentang bab-bab yang sangat dibutuhkan untuk penelitian. Selain itu, buku ini juga disusun secara lengkap dan praktis, sehingga diharapkan dapat menjadi tuntunan bagi mahasiswa maupun peneliti kuantitatif dan kualitatif yang menghendaki adanya panduan penelitian yang praktis, lengkap, dan mudah dipahami. Dalam buku ini ada 11 bab sebagai berikut: 1. Penelitian dan Ilmu Pengetahuan; 2. Penelitian Kuantitatif; 3. Judul serta Pendahuluan Penelitian Kuantitatif; 4. Tinjauan Pustaka, Penelitian Terdahulu, Kerangka Pemikiran, Pengembangan Hipotesis Penelitian Kuantitatif; 5. Jenis Penelitian Kuantitatif; 6. Variabel, Definisi Operasional, Populasi, dan Sampel Penelitian Kuantitatif; 7. Jenis, Teknik Pengumpulan Data, Teknik Analisis Data, dan Susunan Proposal Penelitian Kuantitatif; 8. Penelitian Kualitatif; 9. Judul serta Pendahuluan Penelitian Kualitatif; 10. Tinjauan Pustaka, Uji Keabsahan, Susunan Proposal Penelitian Kualitatif; 11. Contoh Penelitian (Kuantitatif).

We are delighted to introduce the proceedings of the 1st International Conference on Engineering, Science, and Commerce (ICESC 2019). Tourism is one of the fastest growing industries and contributes a great deal to economies around the world. However, it is inevitable that activities in the development of the tourism industry have caused many problems both in local culture and the environment. What is the role of Engineering, Science, and Commerce to support Sustainable Tourism? This conference has brought researchers, academicians and practitioners to contribute to the body of knowledge and practical problem solving from the field of engineering, science, and technology that are relevant to support sustainable tourism. Engineering papers focused on the role of renewable energy, information technology, civil and mechanical engineering researches that support sustainable tourism. In the field of science, the papers discussed achievements of the latest technology in finding environmentally friendly products. The role of business and accounting systems to support the sustainable tourism was indicated by more than 20 papers. We hope that the proceedings will be an exceptional source for readers who concern to the impacts of the development of tourism on natural resources, consumption patterns, pollution and social systems.

The International Conference on Fundamental Rights (I-COFFEES) is an international conference organized by the Faculty of Law, Universitas Lampung, to be an international scientific forum for researchers, academics, and practitioners. The first I-COFFEES were held in 2018 at the Novotel Hotel, Bandar Lampung, Indonesia. In 2019, the Second I-COFFEES were held on 5-6 August at the Faculty of Law, Universitas Lampung, Indonesia. "Fundamental Rights" has been chosen for the main theme of the Second I-COFFEES with a focus field on Law and Development, Women and Children, Ethnic and Religion, Law and Public Policy, Local Government, Business Law and Disruption, Pengayoman Law, Village Development and Communal Rights, and International and Human Rights. The conference was attended by national and international delegates from university academics, researchers, and practitioners. In total, there are 71 papers presented, with only 28 papers published.

Penyusunan buku ini dilakukan berdasarkan pengalaman penulis selama mengajar mata kuliah Manajemen Sumber Daya Manusia; terutama topik Kompensasi Tidak Langsung di Lingkungan Kerja Fisik. Berdasarkan pengalaman mengajar, penulis merasa bahwa masih diperlukan buku-buku untuk memperkaya wawasan mahasiswa dan masyarakat umum dalam hal Manajemen Sumber Daya Manusia; Kompensasi Tidak Langsung di Lingkungan Kerja Fisik.

Buku ini memberikan bahasan yang cukup lengkap mengenai desain (metode) penelitian kuantitatif dan aplikasinya dalam bidang bisnis. Penulisan buku ini juga telah diupayakan sesuai dengan langkah-langkah sistematis metode ilmiah, sehingga akan lebih mudah untuk dipahami secara konseptual dan dapat diterapkan dalam kancah penelitian yang sesungguhnya. Buku ini membahas: Bab 1 Hakikat Penelitian Bab 2 Pengertian dan Tujuan Penelitian Bab 3 Teori dan Hipotesis Bab 4 Desain Penelitian Bab 5 Permasalahan Penelitian Bab 6 Mengkaji Pustaka Bab 7 Pengukuran Variabel Bab 8 Instrumen Penelitian Bab 9 Sampel dan Teknik Pengumpulan Data Bab 10 Teknik Analisis Data dan Menginterpretasikan Hasil Penelitian Bab 11 Simpulan dan Keterbatasan dalam Riset Bab 12 Menyusun Proposal Penelitian Bab 13 Menyusun Laporan Penelitian

Impian besar melahirkan Generasi Emas Indonesia di tahun 2045, tentunya tidak akan pernah bisa terwujud andaikata generasi masa kini masih saja berdiam diri, tak memperbaiki kinerja, tidak pula meningkatkan kualitas pribadi. Terlebih lagi, sekarang semakin tampak pula krisis karakter yang melanda bangsa ini, di samping jauhnya ketertinggalan di bidang IT. Oleh karena itu, hadirnya kegiatan seminar dan pelatihan nasional ini diharapkan menjadi salah satu langkah besar dalam menyiapkan generasi masa kini untuk lebih menghayati dan memahami perannya dalam membangun generasi masa depan yang kokoh karakternya dan mumpuni kemampuannya di bidang IT.

Sports Science Faculty, Universitas Negeri Semarang is the host of the 5th International Seminar on Physical Health and Education (ISPHE), which were held virtually on July 22nd, 2020 in Semarang (Indonesia), in collaboration with the Health Education National Networking (JNPK) Indonesia, the Indonesian Public Health Association (IAKMI) and some prominent Indonesia universities in health education and sport (Malang State University, Gorontalo State University, and Manado State University). This seminar brings together academic experts and practitioners from South East Asia and beyond to share new knowledge, ideas, and experiences pertaining to Health Education, Physical Activities, and Applied Technology for Health as well as those in related fields in order to accommodate more aspirations and expressions of sport's and health communities.

Penelitian yang baik didasarkan pada kebutuhan dari masyarakat untuk mengisi kekosongan pengetahuan sebelumnya, menemukan

jawaban dari pertanyaan-pertanyaan dan memberikan jawaban atas persoalan yang terjadi di masyarakat. Dari sisi ilmiah, data yang diperoleh dari penelitian dapat digunakan sebagai informasi untuk mengambil keputusan dan memberikan saran untuk membantu memecahkan masalah yang terjadi di masyarakat. Melalui sebuah penelitian juga dapat ditemukan pemahaman, teknologi, dan solusi baru atas beragam permasalahan yang dihadapi oleh berbagai pihak yang terkait dengan penelitian tersebut maupun masyarakat luas. Keseluruhan materi dalam buku ini disajikan dengan bahasa yang mudah dipahami dan terbagi dalam 15 bab sebagai berikut: Bab 1 Pengantar dan Pengertian Tentang Penelitian Bab 2 Topik-Topik Penelitian Bab 3 Latar Belakang Penelitian dan Judul Penelitian Bab 4 Penulisan Tinjauan Pustaka Bab 5 Desain Penelitian Bab 6 Metode Penelitian Kualitatif Bab 7 Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif Bab 8 Pengumpulan Data Bab 9 Teknik Analisis Data Kualitatif Bab 10 Metode Penelitian Untuk Perguruan Tinggi Bab 11 Pembahasan Hasil Penelitian Bab 12 Pembuatan Kesimpulan dan Saran Penelitian Bab 13 Penyusunan Abstrak Bab 14 Artikel Review Bab 15 Etika Penelitian

Buku yang ada di tangan pembaca ini kami beri judul Buku Ajar Metode Penelitian Kualitatif yang kami susun berdasarkan pengamatan dan pengolahan data dari berbagai sumber termasuk kajian pustaka. Keterbatasan waktu dan aktivitas penyusunan yang begitu padat, sangat berpengaruh pada proses dan waktu penyelesaian buku ini, namun berkat pertolongan berbagai pihak, akhirnya buku ini bisa terwujud sehingga bisa kita nikmati bersama.

InCoGITE is "International Conference on Global Innovation and Trend in Economy". InCoGITE on 2019 was held on November 7, 2019 in Pelita Harapan University (Building D | 5th floor), Karawaci, Tangerang - Indonesia. The conference was hosted by Pelita Harapan University, Swiss German University and Multimedia Nusantara University. The InCoGITE-2019 focus on "Innovation Challenges toward Economy 4.0". The conference aims to provide opportunities to exchange research ideas and produce new insights. This opportunity also could be used as a way to broaden international network.

Penelitian merupakan salah satu cara untuk mendapatkan ilmu pengetahuan yang harus didasari oleh proses berpikir ilmiah yang dituangkan dalam metode ilmiah. Penelitian yang dilakukan menggunakan metode ilmiah mengandung dua unsur penting, yakni pengamatan (observation) dan penalaran (reasoning). Metode ilmiah didasari oleh pemikiran bahwa apabila suatu pernyataan ingin diterima sebagai suatu kebenaran maka pernyataan tersebut harus dapat diverifikasi atau diuji kebenarannya secara empirik (berdasarkan fakta) Data dan informasi yang andal (reliable) dan sah (valid) digunakan untuk menjelaskan suatu gejala dan atau membuat solusi atas suatu masalah empiris hanyalah data dan informasi yang diperoleh dengan menggunakan metode ilmiah. Sementara keandalan (reability) dan kesahihan (validity) data dan informasi ditentukan oleh ketepatan menggunakan metode penelitian. Ketepatan menggunakan metode penelitian jika peneliti memiliki pengetahuan tentang metode penelitian secara komprehensif dan mampu mengaplikasikannya secara empiris. buku ini menyediakan pengetahuan tentang metode penelitian dan didalamnya juga dikemukakan beberapa aplikasi dan dikemukakan sejumlah contoh. Buku ini dapat digunakan oleh mahasiswa yang sedang mempelajari metodologi penelitian atau yang sedang menyelesaikan tugas akhir kemahasiswaan, para peneliti-peneliti muda atau yang ingin menggunakannya, baik sebagai bahan perbandingan maupun bahan acuan atau bahan kepustakaan

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This conference proceedings focuses on enabling science and mathematics practitioners and citizens to respond to the pressing challenges of global competitiveness and sustainable development by transforming research and teaching of science and mathematics. The proceedings consist of 82 papers presented at the Science and Mathematics International Conference (SMIC) 2018, organised by the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, Universitas Negeri Jakarta, Indonesia. The proceedings are organised in four parts: Science, Science Education, Mathematics, and Mathematics Education. The papers contribute to our understanding of important contemporary issues in science, especially nanotechnology, materials and environmental science; science education, in particular, environmental sustainability, STEM and STEAM education, 21st century skills, technology education, and green chemistry; and mathematics and its application in statistics, computer science, and mathematics education.

AJRI is a reputable Scientific Publication Media aim to foster research findings that concentrates towards recent innovation and creativity to support advancement in global civilization and humanity. AJRI Journal published two times a year (March & September) by Asosiasi Dosen Indonesia (ADI) Publisher. AJRI Journal invites all manuscripts on Multidisciplinary topics.

Jurnal Pendidikan "KONVERGENSI" ini merupakan jurnal penelitian yang mawadai hasil penelitian tindakan kelas yang dilakukan oleh guru-guru di seluruh Indonesia. Terbit empat kali setahun pada bulan Juli, Oktober, Januari, dan April. Berisi artikel yang diangkat dari hasil penelitian maupun gagasan pemikiran dalam rangka pengembangan pendidikan dan pengajaran di pendidikan dasar, pendidikan menengah maupun jenis pendidikan lainnya Pada Edisi 34 Volume kedelapan ini memuat tiga belas hasil penelitian dari guru-guru dari berbagai daerah dengan latar belakang disiplin ilmu yang berbeda-beda sehingga menghasilkan berbagai macam hasil penelitian yang berbeda-beda pula

Buku ini diharapkan dapat hadir memberi kontribusi positif dalam penyebaran ilmu pengetahuan, khususnya terkait dengan metode penelitian dengan pendekatan kuantitatif. Buku ini memberikan nuansa berbeda yang saling menyempurnakan dari setiap pembahasannya, bukan hanya dari segi konsep yang tertuang secara terperinci, tetapi juga melalui penyampaian contoh penerapan yang sesuai dan mudah dipahami. Sistematika buku "Metode Penelitian Pendekatan Kuantitatif" ini mengacu pada pendekatan konsep teoritis dan contoh penerapan. Buku ini terdiri atas 10 Bab yang dibahas secara rinci dalam pembahasan mengenai konsep dasar metode penelitian pendekatan kuantitatif, diantaranya: Pengantar Penelitian Ilmiah, Proses dan Paradigma Penelitian, Proses Pengambilan Keputusan Penelitian, Rumusan Masalah, Landasan Teori, Pengajuan Hipotesis, Populasi dan Sampel, Instrumen Penelitian, Pengumpulan Data, dan Analisis Data.

Pembahasan materi dalam buku ini diawali dengan masalah penelitian, sumber masalah, kajian teori, variabel, jenis variabel, teknik pengumpulan data, populasi, sampel, dan analisis data. Materi yang di bahas dalam buku ini merupakan ringkasan dari pengetahuan secara teori, pendapat para pakar serta pengalaman para pakar di bidang metodologi. Pembahasan buku ini juga di dasarkan pengalaman penulis mengampu mata kuliah berkaitan dengan metode penelitian yang semuanya disajikan dalam bentuk bahasa yang sederhana agar mudah dipahami.

The theme of the conference is "Reconstructing Morals, Education, and Social Sciences for Achieving Sustainable Development Goals". This theme was formulated due to several considerations. First, the symptoms of moral decline that have the potential to destroy the nation. Morals guide humanity towards truth and civilization. The phenomenon of the dehumanization process in the industrial era that pushed people to be part of abstract societies tends to ignore humanity. The education process as a humanitarian system is increasingly marginalized, especially during discussions about the industrial revolution 4.0 and Society 5.0. The conference placed six sub-themes for

speakers and participants to share ideas, namely: Social Sciences and Laws, History and Cultural Studies, Interdisciplinary Studies, Morals and Humanities, Policy, Politics, and Communication, Education. The committee has received 195 abstracts from prospective speakers. However, there are only 80 abstracts that are eligible to be presented at this conference.

This volume showcases selected conference papers addressing the sustainable future of ASEAN from the perspectives of business and social science disciplines. In addressing the 17 Sustainable Developments Goals (SDGs) envisioned by the United Nations in the domains of environment, health and well-being, posing potential means of reducing inequalities globally, the authors target specific issues and challenges confronting the fast-growing region of ASEAN and present suggestions for co-operation and commitment from governments, non-governmental organisations (NGOs) and society at large, in line with the ASEAN Vision 2020. Papers are selected from the 3rd International Conference on the Future of ASEAN (ICoFA) 2019, organised by Universiti Teknologi MARA in Malaysia, whose conference theme "Charting the Sustainable Future of ASEAN" enables intellectual discourse on sustainability issues from business and the social sciences, as well as science and technology. The selection of papers is published in two volumes, comprising scholarly and practical insights into sustainability in ASEAN. This first volume of papers from business and social science scholars will be of interest to researchers and policymakers interested in sustainability developments in the ASEAN region.

Karya ilmiah merupakan karya tulis yang isinya berusaha memaparkan suatu pembahasan secara ilmiah yang dilakukan oleh seorang penulis atau peneliti. Untuk memberitahukan sesuatu hal secara logis dan sistematis kepada para pembaca. Karya ilmiah biasanya ditulis untuk mencari jawaban mengenai sesuatu hal dan untuk membuktikan kebenaran tentang sesuatu yang terdapat dalam objek tulisan. Maka sudah selayaknyalah, jika tulisan ilmiah sering mengangkat tema seputar hal-hal yang baru aktual dan belum pernah ditulis orang lain. Jikapun, tulisan tersebut sudah pernah ditulis dengan tema yang sama, tujuannya adalah sebagai upaya pengembangan dari tema terdahulu disebut juga dengan penelitian lanjutan.

Syukur Alhamdulillah kepada Tuhan YME, atas lindungan dan rahmat-Nya karena para penulis dari berbagai Perguruan Tinggi kembali mampu menyelesaikan naskah kolaborasi dengan Judul "Media Pembelajaran". Yang melatar belakangi penerbit mengadakan kegiatan Menulis Kolaborasi adalah untuk membiasakan Dosen menulis sesuai dengan rumpun keilmuannya, Buku dengan judul Media Pembelajaran merupakan buku ajar yang disusun sebagai media pembelajaran bagi mahasiswa. Buku ini diterbitkan sebagai sumber referensi dan pedoman belajar bagi mahasiswa yang sedang memprogramkan mata kuliah Media Pembelajaran. Pokok-pokok bahasan dalam buku ini mencakup: 1) Makna Peran Media dalam Komunikasi dan pembelajaran 2) Pengertian, Fungsi dan Penggunaan Media Pembelajaran 3) Landasan Media Pembelajaran 4) Penggolongan Media Pembelajaran 5) Prosedur Pemilihan dan Prinsip Penggunaan Media 6) Media Dua Dimensi : Media Papan 7) Media Grafis 8) Media dengar dan Pandang 9) Penelitian Tentang Media pembelajaran Tidak lupa kami ucapkan kepada Editor Buku Ibu Dr. Fatma sukawati, M.Pd yang telah mengarahkan dan membantu dalam mengeditori buku tersebut sehingga menjadi buku yang baik dan bermanfaat. Akhir kata dengan terbitnya buku ini, harapan penerbit ialah menambah khazanah keilmuan dibidang pendidikan dan dapat dinikmati oleh kalangan pembaca baik akademisi, dosen, peneliti, mahasiswa atau masyarakat pada umumnya.

Proceeding: 2nd Sriwijaya Economic, Accounting, And Business Conference 2016 (November 23rd - 24th, 2016) Global Competitiveness: The Dynamics of Local, Regional, & National Changes

As an annual event, 2nd International Conference of Science Education in Industrial Revolution 4.0 (ICONSEIR) 2019 continued the agenda to bring together researcher, academics, experts and professionals in examining selected theme by applying multidisciplinary approaches. In 2019, this event will be held in 17 December at La Polonia Hotel and Convention. The conference from any kind of stakeholders related with Education, Information Technology, Engineering and Mathematics. Each contributed paper was refereed before being accepted for publication. The double-blind peer reviewed was used in the paper selection.

Buku ini menjelaskan tentang pengelolaan sumberdaya alam (natural resources), termasuk sumberdaya pesisir dan lautan, membutuhkan berbagai pendekatan yang terintegrasi, dengan melihat berbagai aspek dalam pembangunan berkelanjutan (sustainable development) agar berbagai kebijakan yang diambil dapat diimplementasikan dengan baik, maka aplikasi berbagai tools analysis, khususnya terkait Decision Support System (DSS) atau Sistem Penunjang Keputusan (SPK), menjadi bagian penting yang tidak terpisahkan dengan pengelolaan itu sendiri. Berbagai tools analysis dapat digunakan, di antaranya adalah analisis Structural Equation Modeling (SEM).

Sub-tema pendidikan terdiri dari Quality education, Teacher professional development, Moral and character education, Cross and multicultural education, Educational technology, Curriculum of social studies. Adapun sub-tema Ilmu Sosial antara lain Inclusive society, Sustainable development, Poverty and economic prosperity, Food security, Good health and well-being, Gender equality, Justice and peace, Disaster management, Collaborative governance and global partnership, Quality information and communication, History and nationalism, Geospatial technology, Sustainable tourism and ecotourism, dan Public policy and public sector reform.

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